SAVED FROM DEATH OR MADNESS.

John MacGreevy is the ticket agent of the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio R. R. at Springfield, O., and as such is well known to its citizens and the travelers whom business or inclination may call to that pleasant and enterprising city. Mr. MacGreevy is a happy man, not because any great fortune has been left him nor because he sees any immediate prospect of rising to the presidency of the corporation which he faithfully serves, but because his wife has been restored to health after years of almost living death. Mrs. MacGreevy's complaint was neuralgia and her case was said by those competent to know to have been as severe as it could be without causing death. Athlophoros was the remedy which came as a God-send to Mrs. MacGreevy, giving her back health and strength. Her own account of her sufferings and cure shows how great must have been the agony she endured. She says:

"For four long years I was a victim of neuralgia. Each succeeding year it seemed to gradually grow worse with more frequent attacks. Two years ago last February I was taken with the most severe pain of all. For months I suffered the greatest agony. I was nearly frantic with the suffering and had to be held to keep me from pulling my hair out by the roots from the top of my head, where most of the pain was seated. I did not know what sleep was, except such little as I got by the use of morphine. I cannot describe my terrible agony in words. To say that I felt as if a red hot knife had been placed on my head would perhaps partly describe my pain. The strain on my nervous system was so great that it affected the nerves of my eyes and I was totally blind in both for a week. For a long time afterwards I could only see with one eye.

"I begged my people to kill me. Oh, I thought, if I could only die what sweet relief it would be. It was at this fearful stage of the disease and after medical aid seemed to be exhausted in its power to give relief that I began using Athlophoros. It was magical in its work. I felt some relief after I had taken two doses, and when I had taken a half bottle I went down stairs. In two weeks after I began using the medicine I was able to walk out, and I was never confined to my room or bed after that. I kept right on using the medicine until I had used twelve bottles. My case was such a severe one that I wanted to be sure and get the disease completely out of my system."

"Where did you first hear of Athlophoros, Mrs. MacGreevy?"

"My father," she replied, "picked up a pamphlet at our door, in which was an account of some of the cures it had made."

"Did you get the medicine at once?"

"No; not immediately, as I was under the doctor's care at that time, but shortly afterwards. Finding that I was growing worse instead of better my father went to the druggist's and bought a bottle of Athlophoros."

"It probably saved your life, did it not?"

"It either saved my life or saved me from being a raving maniac, for I could not have endured the mental strain much longer. I never can say or do too much for the medicine. I have always said that since it did so much for me I would be perfectly willing to have my case and name stated to the public, so that others who were afflicted as I was may be induced to use Athlophoros."

If you cannot get ATHLOPHOROS of your druggist, we will send it express paid, on receipt of regular price—one dollar per bottle. We prefer that you buy it from your druggist, but if he hasn't it, do not be persuaded to try something else, but order at once from us, as directed. ATHLOPHOROS Co., 112 Wall Street, New York.

Be Warned

in time. Kidney diseases may be prevented by purifying, renewing, and invigorating the blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. When, through debility, the action of the kidneys is perverted, these organs rob the blood of its nutritious constituent, albumen, which is passed off in the urine, while worn out matter, which they should carry off from the blood, is allowed to remain. By the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the kidneys are restored to proper action, and Albuminuria, or

Bright's Disease

is prevented. Ayer's Sarsaparilla also prevents inflammation of the kidneys, and other disorders of these organs. Mrs. Jas. W. Wood, Forest Hill st., Jamaica Plain, Mass., writes: "I have had a complication of diseases, but my greatest trouble has been with my kidneys. Four bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla made me feel like a new person; as well and strong as ever." W. M. McDonald, 46 Summer st., Boston, Mass., had been troubled for years with Kidney Complaint. By the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, he not only

Prevented

the disease from assuming a fatal form, but was restored to perfect health. John McLellan, cor. Bridge and Third sts., Lowell, Mass., writes: "For several years I suffered from Dyspepsia and Kidney Complaint, the latter being so severe at times that I could scarcely attend to my work. My appetite was poor, and I was much emaciated; but by using

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

my appetite and digestion improved, and my health has been perfectly restored."

Sold by all Druggists.

Price $1; Six bottles, $5.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

GENERAL NEWS.

The strike at the Lippett woolen mill, Woonsocket, R. I., is over.

A new island, two miles long and 250 feet high, has sprung up in the Pacific.

The tomb of Mr. Vanderbilt will be guarded all winter until the mausoleum is finished.

Indians are reported to have massacred several families in the vicinity of Fort Grant.

The Farmers' bank of Orrville, O., has closed. The failure was caused by outside speculation.

Germany devotes 9,000,000 acres to the cultivation of the potato. The yield last year was 23,000,000 tons.

Henry Moore was run over and killed by a train while trying to drive across the railway track at Lafayette, Ind.

It is reported that fully two thirds of the wheat crop of Dakota has been sold, and passed from the hands of the farmers.

There has been some fighting lately at the seat of war in Europe but the prospects of establishing peace without a big war are growing brighter.

Stephen Bennett of Montpelier, Vt., has a greenback stained with blood that was in his son's pocket when he was killed in battle 21 years ago.

San Francisco fishermen say that the seals and sea-lions in the harbor must go, since they consume 44,000 tons of fish a year—enough to supply the whole city.

Sweden's queen has given ten thousand dollars for translating and distributing tracts, and is scattering 10,000 leaflets among the children of Stockholm.

A large number of released slaves in Zanzibar have printed large portions of the Bible in the Swahili language so that it may be read throughout the interior.

A State Convention of colored men met at Lexington, Ky., to discuss matters relative to the progress and condition of the race. Thirty-four counties were represented.

A firm in Newark, N. J., recently put a large number of artificial eggs on the market. They resemble true eggs very closely, will boil nicely, but can easily be detected that way.

Canon Farrar says that he has been struck everywhere in this country by the sobriety of the people and the scarcity of the gin shops as compared with the English cities, especially London.

A mining machine, which can perform the work of several men, has been placed in Watson's shaft, in the Pittsburgh district, and a number of miners have been discharged.

The Terra Haute, Ind., City buildings were recently damaged by an explosion of gas. There was a leak; and a vault in the buildin was filled, and an explosion occurred when an attempt was made to light a jet.

A frightful collision took place on the Georgia Pacific Railroad, on the 15th. One of the trains was standing on a trestle thirty feet high when the other plunged into it. Twelve people were killed and many wounded.

The total value of exports of breadstuffs in November last amounted to $7,148,888, against $11,050,402 in November, 1885. The value of cotton exported in November, 1875, amounted to $39,872,485, against $32,803,869 in November, 1885.

It is said that there is now in London a lady who earns a livelihood by skillfully filling up worm-holes in old books, each leaf being separately and patiently dealt with, the material being chewed or "pulped," and pressed into the hole. The charge is a sixpence a hole.

Robert Toombs, the famous Southerner is dead. He was one of the first men of the South to rise in rebellion. He was born at Washington, Ga., July 2, 1810. He was graduated from Union College in 1828, and studied law at the University of Virginia. He began the practice of law in his native town.

E. A. Jones, residing on Ellworth avenue, Mechanicsville, was discovered in his yard acting as though insane. He was tearing the fence to pieces and wildly gesticulating. His wife came running from the house and acting in the same manner. Neighbors quickly collected and endeavored to quit them. It appears they had been eating largely of fresh pork and sausage and the doctor who was called, pronounced it a case of trichinosis. The family consisting of Jones, his wife and two children are all sick.

The Emperor of Germany was ill last week.

The Ohio State Grange was held in Cincinnati last week.

The Evangelical Association now have a membership of 8,518 in Europe, and in America 115,791.

As early as the last week in August the wonderful autumn transformation generally begins, but the colors are not noticeable before the middle of September, and by the middle of October the leaves are ready to fall.

The Indian Missionary premises of the Southern Presbyterian Church in Polk county, Texas, have been burned by an incendiary. The friends of the Mission ask for aid in restoring the buildings. Contributions may be sent to Thomas Ward White, Beaumont, Texas.

There were 744 deaths from smallpox in Montreal and surrounding municipalities during November. Of the whole number 578 occurred in Montreal, and all but fifteen of them were French Canadians. Since the beginning of the epidemic there have been 3,513 deaths.

A few days ago about 800 Scandinavians, gathered from all parts of the Northwest, and all of them men except three, passed through Chicago, on their way to New York, to embark for a visit to their old homes. They bought half a million of crowns for use on their journey.

News has been received of the death at his home near Evansville, Ark., of the Rev. Thomas Tennant, the oldest man in the state, and one of the oldest preachers in the world. He was said to be 115 years old. He represented Washington county in the Legislature in 1840, and had been a minister for ninety years.

Wild fox grapes in the Allegheny Mountains in West Virginia are made into jelly and sold by the residents in those poor cabins to the keepers of the crossroads stores for 15 cents a pound, the pay to be "in trade." The jelly is of two kinds, one dark blue, the other a pale green, and both are said to surpass the Scotch jams and jellies that in this country sell for 25 cents a pound.

Joe Parker, colored, died Dec. 10th, at the county poor farm near Dallas, Texas, at the age of 126 years. "Nicodemus, the Slave," was his favorite melody, and his dying words were. "Wake me for the great jubilee." He was a slave for a century, most of the time in Tennessee, where he was fortunate in having kind masters. The proclamation of emancipation came too late to be of any particular service to poor Joe, who for many years before his death had become too feeble to take care of himself, and who has since then, either enjoyed the freedom of the city caliboose or of the county poor farm. It was old Joe who furnished the ideal of Milt Barlow in his characteristic song of "Old Black Joe" in Memphis many years ago.

Since using your remedy—Athlophoros, I have not had any severe attacks of rheumatism, but am not entirely clear of it. I have thought of trying it again sometime. I think it a great remedy. Alpheus Wilson, Concord, O.

J. H. Myers & Co.,
REAL ESTATE DEALERS
Wilsey, Kansas.

No. 10. 160 acres, five miles from Wilsey and seven miles from Council Grove, unimproved, all smooth land, price $10.50 per acre.

No. 55. 80 acres, two miles from station, some broke on it, a fine piece of land, $10.50 per acre. $350 cash, balance on good terms.

No. 56. 160 acres, three miles from Wilsey, ten acres under cultivation; a good location, will make a fine home. Price $11 per acre; terms easy.

No. 60. 640 acres four miles from a good station, unimproved; price $6.50 per acre; terms easy.

No. 50. 80 acres four miles from Wilsey, thirty acres under cultivation, some hedge, bearing apple orchard, small house, Price $1,100.00

No. 17. 160 acres, 3½ miles from Wilsey, and 10 miles from Council Grove, 70 acres under cultivation, 320 rds. of hedge fence, some wire fence, a good bearing apple orchard with some other fruit, two good wells, granary, corn crib, Kans. stable, pretty good house; terms $2800.00; would like half cash, balance on good time.

No. 8. 640 acres one mile from Wilsey, over 100 acres under cultivation, some other improvements as fine a piece of land as there is in Morris county. Price $20 per acre on terms to suit the purchaser.

No. 58. 160 acres two miles from station, unimproved; $8 per acre, terms easy.

No. 57. 80 acres, 2½ miles from Wilsey, thirty acres under cultivation, stable for four horses, corn crib, a good well and a pretty good house; terms $1,300.

63. 160 acres four miles north of Wilsey, and five miles south east of Parkerville, unimproved, a good piece of land, location very good; price $12.50 per acre, terms easy—will make a fine home.

No. 59. 320 acres three miles from Wilsey, unimproved; price $8 per acre, terms easy.

No. 45. 120 acres one mile from Wilsey, 60 acres under cultivation, over 400 rods of good hedge, a No. 1 bearing apple orchard with some other fruit, a good well, stable, granary corn crib, and a good house. A good location, makes a fine home. Price $3,000. Would like one-half cash, balance to suit purchaser.

The above is only a small list of the many special bargains we are offering. Call and see us.

J. H. MEYERS & CO

BAKING POWDER.

Why the "Royal" is the Best.

Royal is the best baking powder because it is absolutely pure and wholesome, of the highest strength, and maintains its full leavening power until used.

There is no other pure baking powder offered to the public; all others contain either lime or alum,—deleterious substances,—sometimes both. Lime presence results from impure cream of tartar; alum is added to give strength; the object of the manufacturers in both cases is to produce a cheap powder.

The Royal Baking Powder is exclusively made from cream of tartar specially refined and prepared for its use by patent processes by which the tartrate of lime and all other impurities are totally removed. Its absolute purity is guaranteed by its manufacturers and certified by all prominent chemists and scientists who have made it the subject of investigation.

The cream of tartar of the market from which other baking powders are made has been tested by Profs. Chandler and Love, for the New York State Board of Health, and found to contain impurities from three to ninety-three per cent of its weight. It is, therefore, absolutely impossible that these powders should be pure, while it is equally as impossible for the Royal, being made as it is from chemically pure materials, to be otherwise than absolutely pure.

There being no inert matter in the ingredients of the Royal Baking Powder, higher strength is, of course, attained; and, the exact value of the materials being ascertainable to an atom, a compound is possible that will maintain its full strength until used, leave no residuum in the bread, and which all chemical tests and practical experience have proved to be the perfection of leavening agencies. This combination in the "Royal" makes it the best, and the only perfect baking powder attainable.

Prof. Mott, late Government Chemist, says: "Because of the facilities that company have for obtaining perfectly pure cream of tartar, and for other reasons dependent upon the constituents used in its manufacture, the proper proportion of the same, and the method of its preparation, the Royal Baking Powder is undoubtedly the purest and most reliable baking powder offered to the public. H. A. MOTT, PH.D.," etc.

Late U. S. Gov't Chemist.

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